Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

Loca	l Unit	of Gov	vernment Typ	e			Local Unit Nam	e		County
	Count	ty	☐City	⊠Twp	□Village	□Other	Weesaw T	ownship		Berrien
Fisc	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date		-1	Date Audit Report S	Submitted to State	
Ma	arch	31, 2	2007		August 24	, 2007		August 24, 2	007	
We a	ıffirm	that								
We a	are ce	ertifie	ed public a	ccountants	s licensed to p	ractice in N	∕lichigan.			
					erial, "no" resp ments and rec			sed in the financial	statements, inc	luding the notes, or in the
	YES	0 N	Check e	ach applic	cable box bel	ow. (See ii	nstructions for	further detail.)		
1.	×						s of the local uents as neces		the financial sta	tements and/or disclosed in the
2.	\boxtimes							nit's unreserved fur oudget for expendit		restricted net assets
3.	\boxtimes		The loca	l unit is in (compliance wi	th the Unif	orm Chart of A	ccounts issued by	the Department	of Treasury.
4.	\boxtimes		The loca	l unit has a	adopted a bud	get for all r	equired funds			
5.	\boxtimes	П	A public	hearing on	the budget w	as held in	accordance w	th State statute.		
6.	\boxtimes		The local	l unit has r	not violated the	e Municipa		an order issued un	der the Emerge	ncy Municipal Loan Act, or
7.		\times	The loca	l unit has r	not been deline	quent in dis	stributing tax r	evenues that were	collected for an	other taxing unit.
8.	×		The loca	I unit only	holds deposits	s/investmer	nts that comply	with statutory requ	uirements.	
9.	\times		The loca Audits of	I unit has r Local Uni	no illegal or un	authorized	expenditures	that came to our at ed (see Appendix F	tention as defin I of Bulletin).	ed in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	×		There are	e no indica e not been	ations of defalo	cation, frau mmunicate	d or embezzle	ment, which came	to our attention Division (LAFD	during the course of our audit). If there is such activity that h
11.		\boxtimes					from previous	·		
12.	X		The audi	t opinion is	s UNQUALIFI	ED.	·			
13.	X				complied with		or GASB 34 as	modified by MCGA	AA Statement#	7 and other generally
14.	\boxtimes		The boar	d or cound	cil approves al	l invoices p	orior to payme	nt as required by ch	narter or statute	
15.	X							d were performed t		
incl des	uded cripti	l in t ion(s	his or any) of the au	other aud thority and	dit report, nor I/or commissic	do they on.		-alone audit, pleas		f the audited entity and is not name(s), address(es), and a
				e followin		Enclosed		d (enter a brief justific	cation)	
Fin	ancia	al Sta	atements			\boxtimes				
The	e lette	er of	Comment	s and Rec	ommendations					
Other (Describe)						\boxtimes	Communic	cating Internal Cont	rol Related Mat	ters
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)						_l	1	Telephone Number		
Schaffer & Layher								269-983-0131		
Street Address 805 Van Brunt Ave						City St Joseph	State MI	Zip 49085		
Auti	norizin	g CPA	Signature	for 1		l	rinted Name Michael W. L	avher	License 2150	Number O

WEESAW TOWNSHIP BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

March 31, 2007

TOWNSHIP BOARD

Dave Heininger Supervisor

Wanda Green Clerk

Jane Tackitt Treasurer

Bob Randall Trustee

Gene Clements Trustee

OTHER TOWNSHIP SERVICES

Allen Boyd Township Assessor

Charles Sheldon Fire Chief

Cliff Rogers Ambulance Coordinator

Ed Steinke Electrical Inspector

Robert Kaufman Zoning Administration

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of the Weesaw Township

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weesaw Township, Michigan (the "Township"), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Weesaw Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weesaw Township, Michigan as of March 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 2 through 6 and pages 27 through 31 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Weesaw Township, Michigan basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Schaffer & Layher August 24, 2007

> David Schaffer, CPA Michael Layher, CPA Founding Partners: Morris McMurray, CPA Raymond Marks, CPA Jeff Edmunds, CPA

Using this Annual Report

This report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as whole and present longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Weesaw Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,342,581 (*net assets*). Of this amount \$1,743,652 (*unrestricted net assets*) may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,360,382, an increase of \$32,941 from the prior year. All of the total amount is available for spending at the Township's discretion (*unreserved fund balance*.)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$980,274, or 424 percent of total current year expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This report consists of four parts----management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Township:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Township's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the Township government, reporting the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds statements* tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - ➤ Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the water and sewer system.
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships, in which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to the required parts of the report, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our non-major governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. The following table summarizes the major features of the Township's financial statements, including the portion of Township government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of the overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MARCH 31, 2007

Overview of the Financial Statements, Concluded

	Major Features of We	esaw Township's Government-Wic	le and Fund Financial Statemer	nts		
	•	•	Fund Statements			
	Government-Wide	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary		
	Statements	Funds	Funds	Funds		
Scope	Entire Township government (except fiduciary funds) and the Township's Component units.	The activities of the Township that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general, ambulance, fire and debt.	Activities the Township operates similar to private businesses: the water and sewer system.	Instances in which the Township is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as property tax collections.		
Required Financial Statements.	> Statement of net assets >Statement of activities.	> Balance Sheet >Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	> Statement of net assets >Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. >Statement of cash flows	> Statement of fiduciary net assets >Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets.		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the Township's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.		
Type of inflow/outflow information.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.		

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Township's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the Township's assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the Township's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Township you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Township's property tax base and condition of the Township's infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the Township are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities—Most of the Township's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, and public works.
- Business-type activities—The Township charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Township's water and sewer system are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's most significant funds—not the Township as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Township Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose (i.e. cemetery) or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants (i.e. ambulance, special fire, debt retirement, and fire truck monies).

The Township has the following three kinds of funds:

- Government Funds—Most of the Township's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary Funds*—Services for which the Township charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. In fact, the Township's enterprise funds (a type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary Funds—The Township is the trustee, or fiduciary, for it property tax collections. The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Township's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the Township's government-wide financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis Of The Township As A Whole

The Township's combined net assets were \$2,342,581. In a condensed format the following table below shows a breakdown of the net assets:

	Governmental		Βι	isiness-Type		To	otal		
	4	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
Current Assets	\$	1,447,566	\$	409,585	\$	1,857,151	\$	1,750,816	
Capital Assets	Ψ	215,559	Ψ	910,781	Ψ	1,126,340	Ψ	1,227,948	
Total Assets	\$	1,663,125	\$	1,320,366	\$	2,983,491	\$	2,978,764	
Long-term debt outstanding	\$	298.050	\$	229,361	\$	527,411	\$	361,086	
Other liabilities	Ψ	4,693	Ψ	108,806	Ψ	113,499	Ψ	467,581	
Total Liabilities	\$	302,743	\$	338,167	\$	640,910	\$	828,667	
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related									
debt	\$	(82,491)	\$	681,420	\$	598,929	\$	299,403	
Unrestricted	1,442,873			300,779		1,743,652		1,850,694	
Total Net Assets	\$	1,360,382	\$	\$ 982,199		2,342,581	\$	2,150,097	

Financial Analysis Of The Township As A Whole, concluded

The part of net assets that can be used to finance day to day operations has increased \$32,941 for the governmental activities and increased \$159,543 for the business-type activities. The current level of unrestricted net assets for governmental activities stands at \$1,360,382, or about 266% of fiscal 2007 expenditures. This is well above the targeted range set by many Township Boards of three to six months of operations.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as, for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The following table shows the changes of the net assets as of the current date.

	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type	To	otal		
	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>activities</u>	<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	\$ 24,874		64,264	\$ 89,138	\$	65,495	
General Revenues								
Property Taxes		318,248		-	318,248		281,890	
State Shared Revenues		141,596		-	141,596		141,680	
Interest and Rentals		51,055		5,892	56,947		35,675	
Special Item		-		120,615	120,615		-	
Miscellaneous		8,199	-		8,199		7,046	
Total Revenues	\$	543,972	\$	190,771	\$ 734,743	\$	531,786	
Program Expenses								
General Government	\$	136,288	\$	-	\$ 136,288	\$	118,781	
Public Safety		213,374		-	213,374		139,915	
Public Works		72,887			72,887		20,681	
Water		-		31,228	31,228		44,929	
Capital Outlay		70,186		-	70,186		70,186	
Debt service		18,296		-	18,296		22,283	
Total Expenses	\$	511,031	\$	31,228	\$ 542,259	\$	416,775	
Change in Net Assets	\$	32,941	\$	159,543	\$ 192,484	\$	115,011	

The Township's net assets continue to remain healthy and show revenue exceeding over expenditures.

Governmental Activities

The Township's governmental revenues increased from property taxes and interest while expenses increased largely for public safety expenses.

Business-Type Activities

The Township's business-type activities consist of the Water and Sewer Fund. We provide water to the Township residents from lines connected to Lake Township supply and sewage treatment through the GRSD Sewer Authority sewage treatment plant. In 2007, operating revenues increased by \$36,972 due to an increase in usage and tap-in fees, with expenses increasing by \$4,029 largely due to a increase in publishing fees for special public hearings. A special item of \$120,615 was reported due to the forgiveness of prior interest expense on debt from the MI Strategic CDBG Program note and applied against the principal.

The Township's Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 9, following the entity wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township Board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millage. The Township's major funds for 2007 included the General, Ambulance, Special Fire, Debt Retirement, and Fire Truck funds. The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental services, including legislative, public safety, and public works. The most significant is legislative, which incurred expenses of \$62,201 in 2007. The service is supported by general revenue sources of the General Fund.

Major Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township Board amended the general, ambulance, and special fire fund budgets to take into account events during the year. The change in budget did not adjust total revenues only expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of March 31, 2007, the Township had investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities of \$1,126,340 (net of depreciation and debt). This investment includes a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and water and sewer lines. In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. These assets are not reported in the Township's financial statement because of Michigan law, which makes these roads the property of the Berrien County Road Commission, along with the responsibility to maintain them. The Township chose not to retroactively report any other infrastructure assets, and will only report any additions prospectively in accordance with G.A.S.B. #34.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township had debt outstanding of \$527,411. The majority represented a capital lease obligation of \$183,050 for the purchase of a (2) fire trucks in governmental activities and \$229,361 for additional sewer lines in business-type activities.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township expects revenue over expenditures in the governmental funds and the business-type activity funds will have positive cash flows.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2007

	Primary Government							
	Governmental			siness-Type		_		
	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	965,886	\$	243,832	\$	1,209,718		
Investments		451,451		-		451,451		
Trade Receivables, net		-		6,105		6,105		
Special Assessment Receivable, net		-		154,625		154,625		
Taxes Receivable		24,992		4,982		29,974		
Internal balances		3,767		41		3,808		
Due From Fiduciary Fund		1,470		-		1,470		
Capital Assets, Net	215,559			910,781		1,126,340		
Total Assets	\$ 1,663,125		\$	1,320,366	\$	2,983,491		
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	4,644	\$	105,039	\$	109,683		
Accrued and Other Liabilities		8		-		8		
Internal balances		41		3,767		3,808		
Noncurrent liabilities								
Due Within One Year		99,268		31,636		130,904		
Due in More Than One Year		198,782		197,725		396,507		
Total Liabilities	\$	302,743	\$	338,167	\$	640,910		
Net Assets								
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	\$	(82,491)	\$	681,420	\$	598,929		
Unrestricted	т.	1,442,873	Ŧ	300,779	7	1,743,652		
Total Net Assets	\$	1,360,382	\$	982,199	\$	2,342,581		

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2007

		Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
	_							Primary Government					
Functions/Programs	<u>E</u> :	<u>Expenses</u>		Charges for <u>Services</u>		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
Primary Government													
Governmental Activities	ф	126.200	ф	10.404	ф		ф	(116704)			ф	(116704)	
General Government	\$	136,288	\$	19,494	\$	-	\$	(116,794)			\$	(116,794)	
Public Safety		213,374		5,380		-		(207,994)				(207,994)	
Public works Depreciation		72,887 70,186		-		-		(72,887) (70,186)				(72,887) (70,186)	
Interest on long-term debt		18,296		-		-		(18,296)				(18,296)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	511,031	\$	24,874	\$		\$	(486,157)			\$	(486,157)	
Business-Type Activities	Ψ	311,031	Ψ	24,074	Ψ		Ψ	(400,137)			Ψ	(400,137)	
Water and Sewer	\$	31,228	\$	64,264	\$	_			\$	33,036	\$	33,036	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	31,228	\$	64,264	\$	-	•		\$	33,036	\$	33,036	
Total Primary Government	\$	542,259	\$	89,138	\$	-	\$	(486,157)	\$	33,036	\$	(453,121)	
	Gener	al Revenues	S										
	Prop	erty Taxes					\$	318,248	\$	=	\$	318,248	
	_	Shared Reve	enues					141,596		-		141,596	
	Inter	est and Rents	8					51,055		5,892		56,947	
	Spec	ial Item						-		120,615		120,615	
	Misc	ellaneous						8,199		-		8,199	
	Tot	tal General R	Revenue	es and special	items		\$	519,098	\$	126,507	\$	645,605	
		ange in net as					\$	32,941	\$	159,543	\$	192,484	
		t Assets-Begi	_					1,327,441		822,656		2,150,097	
	Ne	t Assets-Endi	ing				\$	1,360,382	\$	982,199	\$	2,342,581	

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2007

Assets	General <u>Fund</u>		Ambulance <u>Fund</u>		Special Fire <u>Fund</u>		Debt Retirement <u>Fund</u>		Fire Truck <u>Fund</u>		Gov	on-Major ernmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	684,871	\$	102,434	\$	115,912	\$	46,415	\$	14,465	\$	1,789	\$	965,886
Investments	т	290,712	,	66,884	7	-	T	-	T		7	93,855	Ť	451,451
Receivables, trade		-		-		_		-		-		-		-
Taxes receivables		4,133		6,082		8,314		1,785		4,678		-		24,992
Due from proprietary fund		-		-		-		3,767		-		-		3,767
Due from other governmental funds		-		-		9,233		-		(9,233)		-		-
Due from fiduciary funds		599		=		-		871		-		-		1,470
Total Assets	\$	980,315	\$	175,400	\$	133,459	\$	52,838	\$	9,910	\$	95,644	\$	1,447,566
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities														
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,644	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,644
Accrued Payroll Liabilities		-		-		8		-		-		-		8
Due to fiduciary funds		-		=		-		-		-		-		-
Due to proprietary fund		41		-		-				-				41
Total Liabilities	\$	41	\$		\$	4,652	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	4,693
Fund Balance														
Unreserved:														
Designated	\$	285,586	\$	11,343	\$	30,202	\$	-	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	334,131
Undesignated		694,688		164,057		98,605		52,838		2,910		95,644		1,108,742
Total Fund Equity	\$	980,274	\$	175,400	\$	128,807	\$	52,838	\$	9,910	\$	95,644	\$	1,442,873
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	980,315	\$	175,400	\$	133,459	\$	52,838	\$	9,910	\$	95,644		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

215,559 (298,050) \$ 1,360,382

^{*} Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds

^{*} Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MARCH 31, 2007

		General Fund	A	mbulance Fund	Sŗ	ecial Fire Fund	Deb	t Retirement Fund	F	ire Truck <u>Fund</u>	Gov	on-Major vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues														
Taxes	\$	60,820	\$	78,317	\$	60,066	\$	24,665	\$	94,380	\$	-	\$	318,248
Licenses and Permits		5,380		-		-		-		-		-		5,380
State Shared Revenues		141,596		-		-		-		-		-		141,596
Charges for Services		3,641		12,403		1,300		-		-		2,150		19,494
Interest and Rents		37,600		4,780		4,410		808		771		2,686		51,055
Other Revenues		3,262		154		4,783		-		-		-		8,199
Total Revenues	\$	252,299	\$	95,654	\$	70,559	\$	25,473	\$	95,151	\$	4,836	\$	543,972
Expenditures														
Current														
General Government	\$	136,224	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	60	\$	136,288
Public Safety		21,845		111,099		80,430		-		-		-		213,374
Public Works		72,887		-		-		-		-		-		72,887
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$	230,956	\$	111,099	\$	80,430	\$	-	\$	4	\$	60	\$	422,549
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	\$	21,343	\$	(15,445)	\$	(9,871)	\$	25,473	\$	95,147	\$	4,776	\$	121,423
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Proceeds from borrowings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Principal payments		-		-		-		(9,000)		(85,668)		-		(94,668)
Interest and fees						-		(7,002)		(11,294)				(18,296)
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(16,002)	\$	(96,962)	\$	-	\$	(112,964)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenue and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditure	res			,										
and Other Uses	\$	21,343	\$	(15,445)	\$	(9,871)	\$	9,471	\$	(1,815)	\$	4,776	\$	8,459
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year		958,931		190,845		138,678		43,367		11,725		90,868		
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$	980,274	\$	175,400	\$	128,807	\$	52,838	\$	9,910	\$	95,644		
A	a differen	4 1												

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

94,668

(70,186)

32,941

^{*} Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures: in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.

^{*} Repayments of bond and note principal is and expenditure in the government funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt).

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2007

Assets		erprise Fund ter & Sewer
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	243,832
Receivables, net	Ψ	6,105
Special assessment receivable, current portion		13,944
Taxes receivables		4,982
Due from governmental funds		4,982
Total Current Assets	\$	268,904
Total Cultelit Assets	<u> </u>	200,904
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets, net	\$	910,781
Special assessment receivable, noncurrent portion	'	140,681
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	1,051,462
	-	
Total Assets	\$	1,320,366
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	105,039
Due to governmental funds	Ψ	3,767
Notes payable, current		31,636
Total Current Liabilities	\$	140,442
Total Current Entomates	Ψ	140,442
Long-term liabilities:		
Notes payable, less current portion		197,725
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	338,167
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	\$	681,420
Unrestricted		300,779
Total Net Assets	\$	982,199

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2007

	erprise Fund er & Sewer
Operating Revenues	
Monthly fees	\$ 60,764
Connection fees	 3,500
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 64,264
Operating Expenses	
Waste removal costs	\$ 3,460
Electric	953
Office Expense	4,667
Repairs and Maintenance	1,632
Insurance	418
Depreciation	20,098
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 31,228
Operating Income	\$ 33,036
Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses)	
Interest income	\$ 5,892
Special Item- interest expense previously charged, applied to principal on note balance	120,615
Total Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses)	\$ 126,507
Change in Net Assets	\$ 159,543
Total Net Assets-Beginning of Year	 822,656
Total Nets Assets-End of Year	\$ 982,199

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MARCH 31, 2007

	Pr	oprietary <u>Funds</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$	71,925
Payments to Suppliers		(19,243)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	52,682
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers in	\$	-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchases of Capital Assets	\$	(14,327)
Principal paid on Capital Debt		(55,034)
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(69,361)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
Interest and Dividends	\$	5,892
Not Degrages in Coch and Coch Equivalents	\$	(10,787)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year	Ф	254,619
Cash and Cash Equivalents-beginning of Tear		234,019
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year	\$	243,832
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided Used by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	33,036
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		20,098
Change in Assets and Liabilities		
Receivables, net		2,597
Special assessment receivable		(4,228)
Due from governmental funds		5,526
Accounts Payable		(8,114)
Due to governmental funds		3,767
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	52,682
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Capitalized assets purchased through borrowing	\$	105,167
Special Item - Interest expense previously charged, applied to principal on note balance	\$	120,615

	FIDUCIARY FUND-STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS				
	N	MARCH 31, 2007			
		Agency Funds			
		Property Tax			
		<u>Fund</u>			
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,119			
Accounts receivable		351			
Total Assets	\$	1,470			
Liabilities					
Due to governmental funds	\$	1,470			
Due to proprietary funds		- -			
Total Liabilities	\$	1,470			

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Weesaw Township (the "Township") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Township's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Township:

A. Reporting Entity

The Township is governed by an elected five-member council ("Board"). The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. These criteria, established under GASB #39, include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the Township's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the Township. See the following criteria and descriptions for the component units reported:

Blended Component Units—A blended component unit is legally separate entity from the Township, but is to intertwined with the unit that it is, in substance, the same as the Township. It is reported as part of the Township and blended into the appropriate fund types. There were no such units at March 31, 2007.

Discretely Presented Component Units—A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the Township, but for which the unit is financially accountable, or its relationship with the unit is such that exclusion would cause the unit's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. There were no such units at March 31, 2007.

Jointly Governed Organizations—The Township did not have any such involvement at March 31, 2007.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, concluded

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Ambulance Fund is the Township's public safety fund whose financial resources are specifically set aside for ambulance services.

The Special Fire Fund is the Township's public safety fund whose financial resources are specifically set aside for fire services.

The Debt Retirement Fund is the Township's debt service fund whose financial resources are specifically set aside for principal and interest payments on the Township's debt.

The Fire Truck Fund is the Township's fund whose financial resources are specifically set aside for the purchase of fire trucks.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, state revenue, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and severance pay, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual—that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Property taxes, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue included: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sewer services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (i.e. labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, concluded

Property Taxes

The Township's property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on December 1st, on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the Township and payable on February 15th of the succeeding year. The Township's 2006 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1st, 2006 and it is recognized as revenue in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used and pay liabilities of the current period (60 days.)

The 2006 taxable valuation of the Township totaled approximately \$61 million, on which ad valorem taxes levied which consisted of .8517 mills for Township's operating purposes; 1.2801 mills for ambulance services; .9847 mills for special fire services; and 1.75 mills for fire truck purchases.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments — Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value and consist of only certificates of deposit greater than 90 days.

Receivables and Payables — In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "operating transfers to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

Prepaid Items — certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets — Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the Government-wide and business-type activities. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extended asset life are not capitalized.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, continued

Buildings, equipment, and water and sewer lines of the Government-wide and business-type activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Water and sewer lines	40-50 years
Building Improvements	15-30 years
Buildings	20-50 years
Land Improvements	10-20 years
Vehicles	3-5 years
Office equipment	5-7 years
Computer equipment	3-7 years

Compensated Absences — The Township does not compensate employees for any absences (i.e. there are no vacation or sick days). As a result, there is not liability with regards to vacation or sick days.

Long-Term Obligations — In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources and discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance — In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The Township's designated funds consist of the following:

Budget Deficits for fiscal 2008:

General Fund	\$285,586	Ambulance Fund	\$11,343
Special Fire Fund	\$30,202	Fire Truck Fund	\$7,000

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONCLUDED

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, continued

Extraordinary and Special Items — Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Township and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. On July 31, 2006, the Michigan Strategic Fund eliminated interest charges on the loan reported in the proprietary fund. Interest previously charged was applied to the loan balance. A special item in the amount of \$120,615 was reported in the proprietary fund during fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.

Comparative Data — Comparative data is not included in the government's financial statements.

Estimates — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information — Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental major funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. The Township Supervisor submits the proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing April 1st and public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. After submission, the Township Board formally adopts the budget and any future transfers or amendments must be approved by the Township Board.

The budget document presents information by fund, function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the government board (i.e. level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Township to have its budget in place by April 1st. Expenditures in excess of the amounts budgeted is a violation of P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1) as amended. State law permits Townships to amend its budgets during the year. There was one amendment during the fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year end; the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year. There were no encumbrances at year-end.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY, CONCLUDED

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds — The Township had the following expenditure budget variances.

	Actual		Fina	al Budget	Variance	
General Fund Drains	\$	7,100	\$	6,000	\$	(1,100)
Fire Truck Fund Fire Expenses	\$	4	\$	-	\$	(4)
Other Financing Sources		96,962		96,000		(962)

Fund Deficits—The Township has no accumulated fund balance/net assets deficits in their reported funds.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, the Township's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental		Proprietary		Fic	Fiduciary		Total Primary	
	Funds		Funds		Funds		Government		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	965,886	\$	243,832	\$	1,119	\$	1,210,837	
Investments (CD's>90days)		451,451						451,451	
	\$	1,417,337	\$	243,832	\$	1,119	\$	1,662,288	

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the Township is as follows:

Deposits (checking and savings accounts)	\$ 1,210,837
Certificate of deposits	451,451
Petty cash and cash on hand	 -
	\$ 1,662,288

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits:

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2007 \$1,768,083 of the Township's bank balance of \$1,868,083 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

Investments:

Michigan law permits investments in: 1)Bonds and other obligations of the United States Government; 2)Certificates of deposit and savings accounts of banks or credit unions who are members of the FDIC of FSLIC, respectively; 3) Certain commercial paper; 4) United States Government repurchase agreements; 5) Banker's acceptance of the United States Bank; and 6) Certain mutual funds.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CONCLUDED

Investments. Concluded:

The Township has put further restrictions on those investments through its current policy, and the following investments are permitted by law and policy.

			Investment Maturities			
	Fair Value	Current Value	<u>1-5 years</u>	6-10 years	More than 10	
Certificate of Deposits	\$ 451,451	\$ 451,451	\$ 451,451	\$ -	\$ -	

Interest Rate Risk:

In accordance with its investment policy, the Township will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. This is accomplished by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Township's cash requirements.

Credit Risk:

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to prime or better ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). As of March 31, 2007, the Township had no such investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Township will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security issuer will be minimized. As of March 31, 2007, the Township had no such investments.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments:

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Township will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law, and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Township will do business. As of March 31, 2007, the Township had no such investments.

Foreign Currency Risk:

The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Notes To The Financial Statements March 31, 2007

NOTE 4. INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

A summary of inter-fund receivables, payables and transfer, none of which are unusual or inconsistent for the fund, for the year ended March 31, 2007 are as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds:

Receivable	Payable		
Fund	Fund		Amount
Proprietary Fund	General Fund	\$	41
Debt Retirement	Fiduciary Fund		871
Debt Retirement	Proprietary Fund	oprietary Fund	
General Fund	Fiduciary Fund		599
Special Fire Fund	Fire Fund		9,233

The majority of inter-fund receivables and payables relate to the collection of property taxes within the fiduciary fund on behalf of the Township and need to be remitted to the respective government fund.

Interfund Transfers

Transfer In:	Transfer Out:	Amount
No fiscal year transfers.		\$ -

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the Township's individual major funds, non-major funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including any allowance for uncollectible amounts are as follows:

	Gov	ernmental	Bus	siness Type		Di	ue Within
	A	ctivities		Activities	Total		ne Year
Receivables:							
Special Assessment	\$	-	\$	154,625	\$ 154,625	\$	13,944
Taxes		24,992		4,982	29,974		29,974
Trade		-		6,105	 6,105		6,105
	\$	24,992	\$	165,712	\$ 190,704	\$	50,023

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES, CONCLUDED

Payables as of year-end for the Township's governmental and business-type activities represent normal trade payables and payroll withholdings as follows:

	Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness Type		Dı	ue Within
	A	ctivities	A	ctivities	Total		ne Year
Payables:							
Trade	\$	4,644	\$	105,039	\$ 109,683	\$	109,683
Payroll liabilities		8		-	 8		8
	\$	4,652	\$	105,039	\$ 109,691	\$	109,691

NOTE 6. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Township does not provide post employment benefits for any of its employees.

NOTE 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Township obtains general liability insurance to cover those risks at a cost it considers to be economically justifiable.

The Township also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation, employee health and accident insurance, and errors and omissions. Settled claims, if any, resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

NOTE 8. SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR CONSTRUCTION ENFORCING AGENCIES

The Township charges fees for the inspection of electrical permits. These fees charged are not intended to recover the full cost of the enforcing agency and the related revenues and costs are tracked within the general fund. Pursuant to Public Act 245 of 1999, the following schedule shows the breakdown of the related revenues and expenditures:

	the Year d 3/31/2007	
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 5,380 (5,380)	
Revenues over Expenditures	\$ -	

NOTE 9. OPERATING LEASES

The Township did not have any operating leases during the year.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

		Net								
	Interest	Principal	Beginning Addi		Additions		Ending		e Within	
	Rate	Matures	Balance		(Reductions)		(Reductions) Balance			ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Baldwin/Sewer Road Sewer Bond	5.6% to 6.5%	2/1/2017	\$	124,000	\$	(9,000)	\$	115,000	\$	10,000
Capital Lease Obligation	4.124%	4/8/2009		268,718		(85,668)	_	183,050		89,268
Total bonds and notes payable			\$	392,718	\$	(94,668)	\$	298,050	\$	99,268
Business Type Activities:										
MI Strategic CDBG Program Note	0%*	7/1/2013	\$	405,009	\$	(175,648)	\$	229,361	\$	31,636
Total bonds and notes payable			\$	405,009	\$	(175,648)	\$	229,361	\$	31,636
Total Long-term debt and other			\$	797,727	\$	(270,316)	\$	527,411	\$	130,904

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ended	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-T	ype Activities
March 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2008	99,268	13,911	31,636	-
2009	103,782	9,644	31,636	-
2010	11,000	5,183	31,636	-
2011	11,000	4,605	31,636	-
2012	12,000	4,022	31,636	-
2013-2017	61,000	10,984	71,181	
Total	\$ 298,050	\$ 48,349	\$ 229,361	\$ -

^{*}In a letter dated July 31, 2006, the State of Michigan reduced the interest rate from 5% to 0% and retroactively applied all previous interest paid \$(120,615) against the outstanding principal.

Interest expense of \$18,296 was charged to the governmental activities and \$0 of interest expense was charged to operations for the business type activities fund.

NOTE 11. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and building improvements Vehicles Subtotal	\$ 20,000 590,553 \$ 610,553	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - - \$ -	\$ 20,000 590,553 \$ 610,553
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(329,808)	(70,186)		(399,994)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated Governmental activities capital total capital assets-net of depreciation	\$ 280,745 \$ 285,745	\$ (70,186) \$ (70,186)	\$ - \$ -	\$ 210,559 \$ 215,559
Depreciation of \$70,186 was unallocated	l, as the assets we	ere used by var	rious functions.	
Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$ 38,736	\$ 119,494	\$ -	\$ 158,230
Capital assets being depreciated Water and sewer lines	\$ 893,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 893,236
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(120,587)	(20,098)		(140,685)
Net capital assets being depreciated Business-Type Activities total capital assets-net of depreciation	\$ 772,649 \$ 811,385			\$ 752,551 \$ 910,781
captan assess net of aepitention	+ 011,000			÷ >10,701

Depreciation for the year was \$20,098 and booked as an operating expense.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE — GENERAL FUND MARCH 31, 2007

		Original Budget		al Amended Budget	Actual		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	49,604	\$	49,604	\$	60,820	
Licenses and permits		-		-		5,380	
State shared revenues		143,232		143,232		141,596	
Charges for services		3,500		3,500		3,641	
Interest and rents		5,000		5,000		37,600	
Other revenues		2,426		2,426		3,262	
Total Revenues	\$	203,762	\$	203,762	\$	252,299	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government:							
Legislative	\$	124,294	\$	124,294	\$	62,201	
Supervisor's office		14,150		14,150		11,385	
Treasurer's office		24,100		24,100		14,956	
Elections		13,100		13,100		6,414	
Assessor		11,850		11,850		11,282	
Clerk's office		20,900		20,900		11,532	
Cemetery		43,150		43,150		18,454	
Public safety							
Board of review		2,400		2,400		1,342	
Zoning administrator		23,750		23,750		19,538	
Zoning board and appeals		1,220		1,220		965	
Public works							
Roads		95,000		95,000		58,254	
Building Inspector		-		16,150		-	
Parks maintenance and improvements		4,500		4,500		2,010	
Highway lighting		5,000		5,400		5,367	
Water/refuse collection		1,250		1,250		156	
Drains		6,000		6,000		7,100	
Capital outlay		107,000		105,905			
Total Expenditures	\$	497,664	\$	513,119	\$	230,956	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over(under) Expenditures	\$	(293,902)	\$	(309,357)	\$	21,343	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	Ψ	958,931	Ψ	958,931	Ψ	958,931	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	665,029	\$	649,574	\$	980,274	
J		000,027	Ψ	0.2,0.1		, ,	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE — AMBULANCE FUND MARCH 31, 2007

	 Original Budget	Final Amended Budget		Actual	
Revenues	 _		_		_
Property taxes	\$ 56,790	\$	56,790	\$	78,317
Charges for services	20,000		20,000		12,403
Interest and rents	2,000		2,000		4,780
Miscellaneous	1,000		1,000		154
Total Revenues	\$ 79,790	\$	79,790	\$	95,654
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety					
Ambulance	\$ 100,598	\$	115,598	\$	111,099
Capital outlay	-		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$ 100,598	\$	115,598	\$	111,099
Deficit of revenues under expenditures	\$ (20,808)	\$	(35,808)	\$	(15,445)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	190,845		190,845		190,845
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 170,037	\$	155,037	\$	175,400

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE — SPECIAL FIRE FUND MARCH 31, 2007

Original Budget				Actual		
\$	56,990	\$	56,990	\$	60,066	
	-		-		1,300	
	2,000		2,000		4,410	
	-		-		4,783	
\$	58,990	\$	58,990	\$	70,559	
\$	89,025	\$	90,525	\$	80,430	
\$	89,025	\$	90,525	\$	80,430	
\$	(30,035)	\$	(31,535)	\$	(9,871)	
	138,678		138,678		138,678	
\$	108,643	\$	107,143	\$	128,807	
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 56,990	\$ 56,990 \$ -2,000 \$ \$ 58,990 \$ \$ \$ \$ 89,025 \$ \$ \$ \$ 89,025 \$ \$ \$ \$ (30,035) \$ \$ 138,678	Budget Budget \$ 56,990 \$ 56,990 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 \$ 58,990 \$ 58,990 \$ 89,025 \$ 90,525 \$ 89,025 \$ 90,525 \$ (30,035) \$ (31,535) 138,678 138,678	Budget Budget \$ 56,990 \$ 56,990 \$ 2,000 2,000 - \$ 58,990 \$ 58,990 \$ \$ 89,025 \$ 90,525 \$ \$ 89,025 \$ 90,525 \$ \$ (30,035) \$ (31,535) \$ \$ 138,678 138,678 \$	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE — DEBT RETIREMENT FUND MARCH 31, 2007

		Priginal Budget	l Amended Budget	Actual		
Revenues	'					
Property taxes	\$	18,558	\$ 18,558	\$	24,665	
Interest and rents		500	500		808	
Total Revenues	\$	19,058	\$ 19,058	\$	25,473	
Expenditures						
Principal retirements	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	9,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		10,544	10,544		7,002	
Total Expenditures	\$	20,544	\$ 20,544	\$	16,002	
(Deficit)Excess of Revenues over (under)						
Expenditures	\$	(1,486)	\$ (1,486)	\$	9,471	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		43,367	43,367		43,367	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	41,881	\$ 41,881	\$	52,838	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE — FIRE TRUCK FUND MARCH 31, 2007

	Original			Final Amended		
n.		Budget		Budget		Actual
Revenues	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	0.4.000
Property taxes	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	94,380
Interest and rents		_		_		771
Total Revenues	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	95,151
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety						
Fire	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	95,147
Other Financing Sources(Uses)						
Proceeds from borrowings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Principal and interest payments		(96,000)		(96,000)		(96,962)
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	\$	(96,000)	\$	(96,000)	\$	(96,962)
Deficit of revenues under expenditures and other financing						
sources(uses)	\$	(8,000)	\$	(8,000)	\$	(1,815)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	Ψ	11,725	Ψ	11,725	Ψ	11,725
Fund Balances - Beginning of year Fund Balances - End of year	\$	3,725	\$	3,725	\$	9,910
	Ψ	3,123	Ψ	3,123	Ψ	7,710



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2007

Assets	Cemetery <u>Fund</u>			Total Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,789	\$	1,789		
Investments	Ψ	93,855	Ψ	93,855		
Total Assets	\$	95,644	\$	95,644		
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-		
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-		
Fund Balance						
Unreserved:						
Designated	\$	-	\$	-		
Undesignated		95,644		95,644		
Total Fund Equity	\$	95,644	\$	95,644		
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	95,644	\$	95,644		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2007

	Cemetery <u>Fund</u>			Total Non-Major		
				ernmental		
				<u>Funds</u>		
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	2,150	\$	2,150		
Interest and Rentals		2,686		2,686		
Total Revenues	\$	4,836	\$	4,836		
Expenditures						
Bank service Charges	\$	60	\$	60		
Total Expenditures	\$	60	\$	60		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	4,776	\$	4,776		
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year		90,868		90,868		
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$	95,644	\$	95,644		



August 24, 2007

Weesaw Township Board New Troy, MI

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of **Weesaw Township** (the "Township") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting(internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the following deficiency to be a significant deficiency in internal control:

Segregation of Duties

The Township lacks segregation of duties in the area of cash collections. The same individual makes deposits, has access to blank checks, is authorized to sign checks, has the ability to post journal entries, and is involved in the preparation of the bank reconciliations. Implementing a process to independently review monthly bank statements and related reconciliations would add an additional level of control in this area.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses:

Lack of Client Expertise in Financial Accounting and Reporting

The Township does not have the personnel or procedures in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including procedures to record revenue and expenditure accruals, and changes in capital assets, and to present required financial statement disclosures.

Other Matters

We offer the following recommendations, which we do not believe to be significant deficiencies:

Delinquent Distribution of Tax Collection (MCL 211.43)

During our review of tax collections and disbursements, we noted the Treasurer was delinquent, per statute, in distributing tax revenues collected for another taxing unit. The Township has a fiduciary responsibility to those units to make timely remittances of the monies collected on their behalf and should look to establish procedures that enable the tax revenues collected be paid to the taxing units with the established guidelines.

In addition, interest earned in the tax collection fund belongs proportionately to the units to which the tax collections are distributed, and the Treasurer should calculate and distribute the interest to the respective taxing units as well. See 1988 Attorney General Opinion 6489.

The communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Township's board of trustees, and others within the Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Schaffer & Layher

Schaffer & dayher

St. Joseph, MI